



Project

Mixing zone evaluation and rigorous sampling solve a utility's water permit challenge-

Millions of dollars

saved with mixing zone calculations

Summary

- The Salt River Project provides an unusual combination of utility services – both electrical power and water – to more than 2 million people in the fast-growing Phoenix, Arizona, area.-
- A network of reservoir-fed surface water canals provides drinking water to multiple municipalities and irrigates much of the area. One Salt River power-generation operation discharges small amounts of process water into these canals in compliance with its Arizona Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (AZPDES) permit.–
- Salt River regularly renews this permit. When the first draft was issued for the latest renewal, the utility learned of proposed changes that included more stringent effluent limits for select components of the normal discharge.—
- Salt River's environmental team and management thought that to comply with the new draft limits, they'd likely have to truck all discharge water off-site – a hugely expensive, inefficient operation. They turned to Haley & Aldrich to support a challenge to the draft permit terms because of our established role as their primary environmental compliance advisor.-
- We recommended that they evaluate the impact of the discharge by using a [mixing zone](#) calculation, an accepted technical evaluation method under the AZPDES program. Through a rigorous sampling and analytical plan, we characterized the effluent and the receiving water as it traveled from Salt River's power-generation facility to a

